

"Web Design with the Small Business in Mind"

Web Usability - What the Public Says

Excerpts from University of California, Davis Extension Course - Writing for the Web

"A good print design is usually a lousy Web design" --- Jakob Nielsen, nationally known usability expert

General Concepts

- Most folks (82 %) use an 800x600 resolution screen
- Most folks (79 %) scan the page only looking for key words they are seeking

Thoughts about Design

- Design is part of on-line content, inseparable from the words themselves.
- Ideal design uses 50 percent white space!
- Ideal type size on the Web is 12 to 14 points
- Should be a 30K graphic limit per page
- Should take less than 10 seconds to download a page

How Folks Read the Web

There are three types of Web users:

- Those who would rather be watching TV look to the Web for entertainment like game sites and audiovisual "jolts"
- Those who want information they can apply searching for something. They are impatient and critical
- 3. Those who <u>read</u> on the Web looking for books on line or white papers (rare folks)

Web visitors work in two stages:

- They first SCAN to find what they are looking for, reading mostly headlines, subtitles and links
- Then they READ when they have found the "destination" page with the information they were seeking

Eye tracking shows that readers look at:

- Headlines
- Summaries
- Captions

But they ignore graphic elements! (that's what eye tracking says....)

Physiological Facts

Reading at a computer screen is 25 percent slower than the printed page

Cory Computer Systems

- Reading on the Web is physiologically different than reading from a printed page.
- The eye blinks only 5x a minute when reading the screen and 12-20x a minute when reading print.
- Print readers move from left to right on the page
- Web readers see the center first, the left side next, and the right side last

What Folks Hate about the Web

Web visitor pet peeves:

- Too many fonts and colors
- Too much clutter
- Slow downloads
- Pop-up windows

Writing Tips

- Have each topic/section cover only one subject
- Have each subtopic/subnav cover only one idea
- Be cautious of adding too many links within written text.
- Links are mental "noise" that cause the reader to stop and think
- Readers hate mission statements they ignore them
- Readers hate "corporate speak" but respond to easy, conversational text that uses the active voice

Fewer Words - How Few?

- Each subject you cover in text should be less than 1,000 words. 700 are ideal.
- A paragraph should have no more than three sentences
- A block of text should be no more than 75 words long
- A line of text across the screen should contain eight to 15 words, no more or less.

Breaking Up the Information

- Lists should contain seven items plus or minus two anything else confuses the reader
- There are only a few ways to categorize information:
 - o Alphabetically
 - o By time
 - o By category
 - By location
 - By magnitude
- To assist with scanning a page, you can add color or bold to certain key words (even if they are not links).

Proofreading Your Web Pages

- Proofreading is essential to perception of quality!!!
- When proofreading material for the Web, print it out and proof hard copy
- Look especially at:
 - o All headings, subheads and navigation titles
 - o All calls to action
 - o E-mail subject lines
 - Service descriptions
 - o Forms
 - o Link titles